

Department Planning 2024-25

KS3-Year 7 Long Term Mapping

Expressive Arts - Drama

Subject Intent/ Aims:

All pupils should be enabled to participate in and gain knowledge, skills and understanding associated with the artistic practice of drama. Pupils should be able to adopt, create and sustain a range of roles, responding appropriately to others in role. They should have opportunities to improvise, devise and script drama for one another and a range of audiences, as well as to rehearse, refine, share and respond thoughtfully to drama and theatre performances.

Drama and role-play can contribute to the quality of pupils' writing by providing opportunities for pupils to develop and order their ideas through playing roles and improvising scenes in various settings.

Reading, re-reading, and rehearsing insightful plays for presentation and performance gives pupils opportunities to discuss language, including vocabulary, extending their interest in the meaning and origin of words. Pupils should be encouraged to use drama approaches to understand how to perform plays to support their understanding of the meaning. These activities also provide them with an incentive to find out what expression physical, vocal and emotional is required, so feeding into comprehension.

Curriculum features

The curriculum is structured based on the expectations for A Level Drama and Theatre as well as BTEC national qualifications; key concepts and skills required by the end of year 13 are fed down into schemes of work from Year 7 upwards. This is designed to raise expectations and standards from the start of Key Stage 3 and ensure that drama knowledge is being understood both practically and theoretically. A linear curriculum is in place at Key Stage 3. Year 7, 8 and 9 will all study a theatre style during Autumn







term, explore a text through performance during Spring term and put their skills into practice in Summer term devising theatre, through exploration of a social, historical and cultural topics. This linear structure allows students to return to key concepts throughout the key stage, but build on them to advance their knowledge further as the years progress.

ADVENT- Key Concepts:	<u>LENT- Key Concepts:</u>	PENTECOST- Key Concepts:	
DRAMA SKILLS	CREATING DRAMA USING A SET TEXT	DEVISING	
Getting to know each other. Developing the 5C's of drama: Creativity, Co-Operation, Co-Ordination, Concentration Communication. Role Play Soundscape Physical theatre	History of storytelling - Ritual and Myths Introduction to evaluative language Voice skills Text interpretation Monologue	RESPOND TO A STIMULUS AND DEVISE A PERFORMANCE Spontaneous Improvisation Role Play Still Imaging Thought tracking Cross Cutting Marking the Moment	
	Learning lines	Soundscape	







National Curriculum Coverage:	National Curriculum Coverage:	National Curriculum Coverage:
All pupils should be enabled to participate in and gain	Pupils should become more familiar with and confident	All pupils should be enabled to participate in and gain
knowledge, skills and understanding associated with the	in using language in a greater variety of situations, for a	knowledge, skills and understanding associated with the
artistic practice of drama. Pupils should be able to adopt,	variety of audiences and purposes, including through	artistic practice of drama. Pupils should be able to adopt,
analy and anotally a new part of nation in an analysis		create and sustain a range of roles, responding
appropriately to others in role. They should have		appropriately to others in role. They should have
opportunities to improvise, devise and script drama for		opportunities to improvise, devise and script drama for
one another and a range of audiences, as well as to	presentation and performance give pupils opportunities	one another and a range of audiences, as well as to
rehearse, refine, share and respond thoughtfully to	to discuss language, including vocabulary, extending	rehearse, refine, share and respond thoughtfully to
drama and theatre performances.	their interest in the meaning and origin of words. Pupils should be encouraged to use drama approaches to	drama and theatre performances.
	understand how to perform plays and poems to support	
All children should learn through and about drama;	their understanding of the meaning. These activities also	All children should learn through and about drama;
denote the second se		describes drama as an artistic practice; and makes it
clear that young people should be enabled to respond to	expression is required, so feeding into comprehension.	clear that young people should be enabled to respond to
theatre and performance. It is a first building block for		theatre and performance. It is a first building block for
teachers, drama and theatre professionals to base great		teachers, drama and theatre professionals to base great







teaching and learning on. Role-play and other drama techniques can help pupils to identify with and explore characters. In these ways, they extend their understanding of what they read and have opportunities to try out the language they have listened to.		Explore in role (performing/responding) Collaborate on scripts (responding) Spoken repertoire (making, performing, responding) Exploratory drama (responding) Evaluate presentations (Making, Performing, Responding) Respond to a play (Making, Performing, Responding)	teaching and learning on. Role-play and other drama techniques can help pupils to identify with and explore characters. In these ways, they extend their understanding of what they read and have opportunities to try out the language they have listened to.
<u>Components</u> <u>HO Knowledge:</u> (Key Content):		<u>Components (Key Content/ Knowledge)</u>	Components (Key Content/ Knowledge)
Advent 1		Lent 1	Pentecost 1
To understand and be able to create freeze frames.	To understand the importance of mime skills and be	Communicating a text Vocabulary: Using text and improvisation to create a	Creating and developing freeze frames. (continued) Develop an understanding and knowledge of







To understand and be able to	confident when	character.	Shakespeare.
use a narrator in a performance. Create and deliver 'sound	charactor	To understand basic drama skills and sustaining character.	Creating a series of freeze frames of one of Shakespeare's plays.
collage' Create and adapt a story for		To understand how to use text effectively when working in a group and also independently.	Create and deliver 'thought aloud' for one of the characters.
live performance	leading a group or	Working collaboratively with peers demonstrating empathy and resilience.	To understand how to create a monologue for a particular character.
To tell a story clearly using drama • demonstrate that people			To understand how to research and develop knowledge
look at drama and stories from different perspectives	collaboratively with	Analysing the playwright's artistic intention.	of Greek theatre and its historical context. Understand the function of the chorus'
develop rehearsal skills.develop the confidence	peers demonstrating empathy, support and	Understand and practice how to use thought tracking.	To create links to 'Greek Chorus'
required for performance.have gained knowledge of		Exploring characterisation by using a variety of explorative drama strategies including:	Explore and understand term 'Tragedy'
another culture.be more confident and beable to show your drama to the		-Still image	
class.	that link to the theme.	-Hot seating -Conscience alley	
 understand that drama can be presented in different ways. understand the value of 	To have a good understanding and	-Monologue	







 work in a variety of groupings. Create a sequence of freeze frames 	understanding of a chorus.	-Text analysis -Role on the wall Consider how past and present circumstances and actions can impact on our futures. Consider action and consequences and the impact of peer pressure. Explore the theme of bullying	
<u>Advent 2</u>		<u>Lent 2</u>	Pentecost 2
theatre Voice projection Creating a character for performance. Exploring the function of Greek chorus.	performance and set targets for future performances. To develop knowledge when using drama	Understanding and delivering Flashbacks and Flashforwards in drama. PAST PRESENT and FUTURE contexts. Introducing staging awareness which will include the exploration and practice of: Proxemics Levels	To understand how to tell their personal story, using drama techniques. • demonstrate that people look at drama and stories from different perspectives • develop rehearsal skills • further develop the confidence required for performance. • Develop empathy for others and gain a deeper understanding of their lives and backgrounds. • be more confident and be able to perform to an







choral movement and voice.	To demonstrate	Stage positioning using subject specific language for eachaudience.			
Self-evaluate performance and the performance of others and set targets for future performances.	confidence when	position.	 understand that drama can be presented in different ways understand the value of telling a good story present their story in a variety of different creative forms-image, video, drama, sculpture, installation. 		
Generic Composite Skills:	HO Composites:	Composite Skills:	Composite Skills:		
Self-Confidence Group-	The ability to perform	Skills when taking on a 'character's Life' and how to	Acting skills		
Confidence improvisation	with confidence, in	explore dramatic potential of a text.	Directing skills		
Characterisation.	character to others.	Terminology Drama Terminology Status/Levels skills	Writing skills Devising skills		
Social Skill	To skillfully learn a	Body Language Reading skills	Ability to choose appropriate material and styles of		
Evaluation skills	script and	Live Theatre skills	performance for theatre audiences effectively.		
Voice projection skills		Use theatre stage styles effectively.	Refined and appropriate communication skills		
Movement and voice skills.	To demonstrate	Skills revisited and built on each term.	Extensive drama terminology and its' usage in practical and evaluation. Literacy skills.		
Skills when 'Line' Learning. Communication skills.	excellent communication skills.	Communication skills	Skills revisited and built on each term.		
Acting skills Pronunciation		Collaboration skills	Communication skills		







	Creativity skills		
	Self-awareness skills		
Responding)	Resilience skills		
(Making, Performing,	Critical analysis skills	Respond to a play (Making, Performing, Responding)	Physical theatre skills
Evaluate presentations	51115	Collaborate on scripts (responding)	
(responding)	Leadership/direction		Creativity skills
Exploratory drama	Problem solving skills	Creativity skills	Self-awareness skills
performing, responding)	Co-operation skills	Self-awareness skills	Resilience skills
Spoken repertoire (making,	Collaboration skills	Resilience skills	Critical analysis skills
(performing/responding)		Critical analysis skills	Leadership/direction skills
Explore in role skills-	confidence and belief.	Leadership/direction skills	Problem solving skills
Use of stage skills	demonstrating	Problem solving skills	Co-operation skills
Collaboration		Co-operation skills	Collaboration skills







Assessment/s (Formative and Summative):	Assessment/s (Formative and Summative):	Assessment/s (Formative and Summative):
Reflect on and evaluate their own work and that of others.	Reflect on and evaluate their own work and that of others.	Reflect on and evaluate their own work and that of others.
Think critically and develop a more rigorous understanding of drama.	Think critically and develop a more rigorous understanding of drama.	Think critically and develop a more rigorous understanding of drama.
Knowledge to be able to develop a range of theatrical skills and apply them to create performance.	Knowledge to be able to develop a range of theatrical skills and apply them to create performance.	Knowledge to be able to develop a range of theatrical skills and apply them to create performance.
Inspire and challenge pupils, provide opportunities for students to make and understand drama, recognising it as a practical art form in which ideas and meaning are communicated to an audience through choices of form, style and convention.	Inspire and challenge pupils, provide opportunities for students to make and understand drama, recognising it as a practical art form in which ideas and meaning are communicated to an audience through choices of form, style and convention.	Inspire and challenge pupils, provide opportunities for students to make and understand drama, recognising it as a practical art form in which ideas and meaning are communicated to an audience through choices of form, style and convention.







			Term Dates	Jan/Feb	Feb/Mar/Apr	Term Dates	Apr/May	June/July
Term Dates	Sept/Oct	Nov/Dec	Curriculum content	Week starting	Week starting	Curriculum content	Week starting	Week starting
Curriculum content (Ongoing formative assessments. WWW EBI)	Week starting 23-9-24	Week starting 18-11-24	(Ongoing formative assessments)	13-1-25	3-3-25	(Ongoing formative assessments)	28-4-25	16-6-25
	Week starting 21-10-24	Week starting		Week starting	Week starting		Week starting	Week starting
		16-12-24	According to the second	10-2-25	31-3-25 Week starting		12-5-25	14-7-25
	Week starting 14-10-24	Week starting	Assessment (Summative assessment. Synoptic Quiz)	Week starting 20-1-25	10-3-25			
assessment. Synoptic Quiz)		25-11-24				Assessment (Summative	Week starting 5-5-25	Week starting 30-6-25
Feedback	Week starting 14-10-24	Week starting 9-12-24	Faadhaal			assessment. Synoptic Quiz)		(End of year
		5-12-24	Feedback	Week starting 3-2-25	Week starting 24-3-25			assessment)
							Week starting	Week starting
							19-5-25	7-7-25
Key Terr	ns: <u>k</u>	(ey Vocabulary:	Key Term	<u>s:</u>	Key Vocabulary:	Key Term	is:	Key Vocabulary:







Voice 1.Clear tone- harsh, soft 2.Changes in pitch- high, low 3.Changes in pace- fast, slow 4.Use of pause- when thinking, create tension 5.Shows hidden meaning- do you mean what you say? Movement 1.Changes in facial expression 2.Clear hand gestures Legs- Stance shows intention 3.Core- Back and Chest show	VOICE CONTROL GESTURE MOVEMENT DEVISING LEVELS GENRE/STYLE	clear 2. Clear beginning to the performance 3. Clear professional end to the performance 4. Specific decisions made about set 5. Intentions- is your work clear for the audience? 6. Confident sharing ideas	FREEZE FRAME FACIAL EXPRESSION VOICE CONTROL GESTURE MOVEMENT DEVISING LEVELS GENRE/STYLE REHEARSAL MONOLOGUE THRILLER SUSPENSE REALISM	 Spatial awareness Use of safety rules at all times Clear entrance and exit- the whole group looks at a character entering Clear sequence of at least stage fighting moves Set creates the 'world' of the scene 	GESTURE MOVEMENT DEVISING LEVELS GENRE/STYLE REHEARSAL
4.Clear difference between each emotion 5.Changes in pace	REACTIONS	expression 3. Stance 4. Gesture 5. Projection of voice 6. Over the top energy 7. Physicality links clearly to stock character played	GESTURE STANCE REACTIONS MOVEMENT LEVELS VOICE PROJECTION		GESTURE STANCE REACTIONS MOVEMENT LEVELS VOICE PROJECTION
Literacy/ Numeracy/ Cross-Curricular Links:		Literacy/ Numeracy/	Cross-Curricular Links:	Literacy/ Numeracy/	Cross-Curricular Links:







Literation	1 the week of the second s	l itaraan
Literacy	Literacy	Literacy
'IAM poem' students will learn, read and present the	Keywords and scripts.	Keywords and scripts.
poem to others.		
		Numeracy
Numeracy	Numeracy skills to convert between denary and	Numeracy within blocks of code.
Warm up games like 'elephant sausage and following	binary.	
instructions.		
	Cross-Curricular	
Cross-Curricular	Math's will be the primary cross-curricular subject.	
PSHE- Communication and group work.		
<u>SMSC/ BV/ RSHE:</u>	<u>SMSC/ BV/ RSHE:</u>	<u>SMSC/ BV/ RSHE:</u>
Students are encouraged to have an open mind when	Students are encouraged to have an open mind when	Students are encouraged to have an open mind when
observing work allowing them to appreciate others	observing work allowing them to appreciate others	observing work allowing them to appreciate others
	viewpoint that may challenge their own beliefs. They are	viewpoint that may challenge their own beliefs. They are
encouraged to give appropriate feedback to peers in a		encouraged to give appropriate feedback to peers in a
variety of ways, giving justification for their views.	variety of ways, giving justification for their views.	variety of ways, giving justification for their views.
Pupils are encouraged to communicate with each other	Pupils are encouraged to communicate with each other	Pupils are encouraged to communicate with each other







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in groups and as a class promoting social development.	in groups and as a class promoting social development.	in groups and as a class promoting social development.
SOCIAL	SOCIAL	SOCIAL
All year groups are given the opportunity to develop	All year groups are given the opportunity to develop	All year groups are given the opportunity to develop
their critical and independent thoughts when discussing	their critical and independent thoughts when discussing	their critical and independent thoughts when discussing
their own work and the work of others. We encourage	their own work and the work of others. We encourage	their own work and the work of others. We encourage
independent thinking that will enable students to	independent thinking that will enable students to	independent thinking that will enable students to
develop their ideas and intentions and express these in	develop their ideas and intentions and express these in	develop their ideas and intentions and express these in
an appropriate manner.	an appropriate manner.	an appropriate manner.
MORAL	MORAL	MORAL
Clear high expectations are given ever lesson to students	Clear high expectations are given ever lesson to students	Clear high expectations are given ever lesson to students
so they understand the difference between right and	so they understand the difference between right and	so they understand the difference between right and
wrong.	wrong.	wrong.
SPIRITUAL	SPIRITUAL	SPIRITUAL
All students work is shared with the class group at some	All students work is shared with the class group at some	All students work is shared with the class group at some
point to build confidence and develop group identity.	point to build confidence and develop group identity.	point to build confidence and develop group identity.
Students work is also celebrated throughout the school	Students work is also celebrated throughout the school	Students work is also celebrated throughout the school







and displayed in many areas.	and displayed in many areas.	and displayed in many areas.	
CULTURAL	CULTURAL	CULTURAL	
Every term all year groups will research a selection of performers and plays. Students will develop their cultural and social understanding when presenting relevant information. BRITISH VALUES Students research current British performers and are encouraged to visit current performances in Britain. Students develop an understanding of the way drama is valued in Britain and how their work can be appreciated by society, nationally and internationally.	Every term all year groups will research a selection of performers and plays. Students will develop their cultural and social understanding when presenting relevant information. BRITISH VALUES Students research current British performers and are encouraged to visit current performances in Britain. Students develop an understanding of the way drama is valued in Britain and how their work can be appreciated by society, nationally and internationally.	Every term all year groups will research a selection of performers and plays. Students will develop their cultural and social understanding when presenting relevant information. BRITISH VALUES Students research current British performers and are encouraged to visit current performances in Britain. Students develop an understanding of the way drama is valued in Britain and how their work can be appreciated by society, nationally and internationally.	
Adaptive Curriculum Content	Adaptive Curriculum Content	Adaptive Curriculum Content	
 Clear instructions on PowerPoint Adapted handouts Demo of practical tasks Extra time given during RRR and mid-term assessments Homework adapted The end of topic assessment modified to reflect the topics covered by certain classes and ability levels. 	 Clear instructions on PowerPoint Adapted handouts Demo of practical tasks Extra time given during RRR and mid-term assessments Homework adapted The end of topic assessment modified to reflect the topics covered by certain classes and ability levels. 	 Clear instructions on PowerPoint Adapted handouts Demo of practical tasks Extra time given during RRR and mid-term assessments Homework adapted The end of topic assessment modified to reflect the topics covered by certain classes and ability levels. 	







Adaptive Implementation Practices Practices used during each unit of work					
Differentiated Instruction: Class instructions adapted to meet the needs of students by providing varied materials, activities, and assessments.	Scaffolded Instruction: Break down complex concepts into smaller, more manageable steps, providing additional suppor and guidance as students' progress through the material.	<i>Formative Assessment:</i> Use ongoing assessments, such as quize discussions, and peer reviews, to continuously monitor student progress and provide timely feedback.	es, Pace: Time given to students to organise equipment and resources at their own pace.		









