## Science KS4 Long Term Map CHEMISTRY y9

#### **Subject Intent/Aims**

Expose all students to a broad range of learning opportunities to deepen their knowledge and understanding of themselves and the world around them and to build a solid foundation of Science knowledge and skills. We believe in developing curiosity and understand that science is an active process with many questions to be answered and still to be asked. We provide an understanding of how knowledge was derived, discovered and came to be accepted by the scientific community. By focusing on thinking, interpreting and evaluating rather than simply memorising scientific fact we intend to enable our students to use the skills that they need to answer their own scientific questions.

Our focus on the scientific process as a way of thinking and working will allow our students to develop their own ideas, attitudes and interpretations.

Atomic Structure and the periodic table	Structure bonding and the properties of matter
NATIONAL CURRICULUM: Atomic structure and the Periodic Table • a simple model of the atom consisting of the nucleus and electrons, relative atomic mass, electronic charge and isotopes • the number of particles in a given mass of a substance • the modern Periodic Table, showing elements arranged in order of atomic number • position of elements in the Periodic Table in relation to their atomic structure and arrangement of outer electrons • properties and trends in properties of elements in the same group • characteristic properties of metals and non-metals • chemical reactivity of elements in relation to their position in the Periodic Table. • separation techniques for mixtures of substances: filtration, crystallisation, chromatography, simple and fractional distillation GCSE Chemistry Specification Specification for first teaching in 2016 (aqa.org.uk)	NATIONAL CURRICULUM: Structure, bonding and the properties of matter • changes of state of matter in terms of particle kinetics, energy transfers and the relative strength of chemical bonds and intermolecular forces • types of chemical bonding: ionic, covalent, and metallic • bulk properties of materials related to bonding and intermolecular forces • bonding of carbon leading to the vast array of natural and synthetic organic compounds that occur due to the ability of carbon to form families of similar compounds, chains and rings • structures, bonding and properties of diamond, graphite, fullerenes and graphene.  GCSE Chemistry Specification Specification for first teaching in 2016 (aqa.org.uk)
composition	composition
Understand Atomic structure and the Periodic table. Understand the usefulness of different separating techniques	Apply an understanding of bonding and structures and be able to relate those structures to the properties of matter







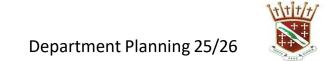
# Department Planning 25/26

Component 1: know the term atom and the arrangement of subatomic particles.  Component 2: know how and why elements are arranged in the PT  Component 3:know group properties  Component 4: Know methods to separate a mixture (filtration, evaporation, crystallisation, distillation) and the principles behind each method.	Component 1: Know the different types of bonding; ionic, covalent and metallic. Component 2: Know how to represent both ionic and covalent bonding using dot and cross diagrams. Component 3: Know suitable diagrams to show metallic bonding and delocalised electrons. Component 4: Know how to calculate the charge on the ions in an ionic compound. Component 5: Know the types of structures produced by the different types of bonding. Component 6: Know properties of each substance type, concentrating on the explanations Component 7: Know specific examples of bonding types
composites	composites
Draw and label the first 20 elements of the periodic table  Explain why elements are in certain groups and periods  Construct a timeline to show development of theories of atomic structure  Compare models of the Periodic Table  Select appropriate separation techniques for a range of mixtures	Describe the bonding in covalent and ionic compounds and metallic substances  Determine the charges of ions from electronic structure  Describe the properties of ionic, covalent and metallic substances  Compare the structures and properties of graphite and diamond
Higher Order Knowledge	Higher Order Knowledge
Know the models of the atom developed over time	Know and explain the properties of specific examples based on structure and bonding.
Compare and contrast the ideas of the PT	Know the new developments of graphene, fullerenes and nanoparticles
Know the reasons for using appropriate separation techniques	
Key terms	Key terms









Aqueous solution Atomic number Balanced symbol equation Electronic structure Law of conservation of mass Mass number Noble gases Periodic table State symbol Symbol equation Word equation Word equation Alkali metals Atom Chromatography Compound Electron Element Group Halogens Ion Isotope Neutron Nucleus (of an atom) Product Proton	Giant Lattice Ionic Bonding Covalent Bond Molecule Polymer Thermosoftening Polymer Delocalised Metallic Bonding Malleable Alloy States of Matter Nanoscience Nanoparticles Fullerenes
Final Composition/Deliberate Practice	Final Composition/Deliberate Practice
Modelling atomic structure	Modelling different structures
Identifying suitable separation technique	Identifying and comparing different structures of unknown materials
Undertake the required practical	
Summative/Formative assessment	Summative/Formative assessment









Core questions RRR to recall prior knowledge will be tested at the beginning of each lesson and self-assessed by the student.  Century nuggets  LC for atomic structure and the PT  End of unit assessment will be marked with personalised feedback		Core questions RRR to recall prior knowledgewill be tested at the beginning of each lesson and self-assessed by the student.  Century nuggets  LC for types of bonding and giant molecules  End of unit assessment will be marked with personalised feedback  End of year assessment will test recall and application of synoptic content	
Numeracy	Literacy	Numeracy	Literacy
Maths skills – graphs, calculations	English – literacy skills – focusing on keywords, tier 3 vocabulary, connectives, SPAG, synonyms,	Maths skills – graphs, calculations	English – literacy skills – focusing on keywords, tier 3 vocabulary, connectives, SPAG, synonyms,
Cross curricular links		Cross curricular links	
History: timelines of development  MFL: origins of element names		Engineering: properties of pure metals and alloys  Art: diagrams and modelling  CS: use of graphene  History the development of new technology	
SMSC	British Value	RSHE	
There will be multiple opportunities for students develop spiritually; being creative in their learning with the different activities they are asked to undertake  The high expectations placed on the student from the school and department mean that pupils will regularly be made aware of the right and wrong  Pupils are expected to share their views morally on the different topics but also show respect and appreciate others in the classroom.  The topics will give the students opportunity to develop their social skills, from presenting work to collaborating in group tasks.  Students will be taught the legal implications of using the internet  Students will be taught to fully appreciate other students' viewpoints and the importance of being respectful when sharing ideas  Students will be taught the legal implications of using the internet  Students will be taught the legal implications of using the internet  Students will be taught the legal implications of using the internet  Students will be taught the legal implications of using the internet  Students will be taught the legal implications of using the internet  Students will be taught the legal implications of using the internet  Students will be taught to fully appreciate other students' viewpoints and the importance of being respectful when sharing ideas  Students will be taught to fully appreciate other students' viewpoints and the importance of being respectful when sharing ideas  Students will be taught to fully appreciate other students' viewpoints and the importance of being respectful when sharing ideas  Students will be taught to fully appreciate other students' viewpoints and the importance of being respectful when sharing ideas  Students will be taught to fully appreciate other students' viewpoints and the importance of being respectful when sharing ideas  Students will be taught to fully appreciate other students' viewpoints and the importance of selecting view in the importance of selecting view in the importance of selecting view in the importance o		The students will be taught about how to be safe online The students will be made aware of the importance of respecting other people's vi	iews









Adapted Curriculum Content:	Adapted Curriculum Content:	
This is a fundamental building block unit so all needs to be covered by all pupils.	Nanoparticles are separate only	
Wooden model atom boards are available to help visualise although it must be remembered that these still		
only represent 2D		
Separation techniques are limited to filtration, simple distillation and chromatography for all. Fractional		
distillation theory for higher only.		
Adaptive Implementation Practices:	Adaptive Implementation Practices:	
Coloured paper/pens	Coloured paper/pens	
Differentiated worksheets	Differentiated worksheets	
Differentiated tasks	Differentiated tasks	
Seating plans to maximise concentration allowing for visual/hearing impairments etc	Seating plans to maximise concentration allowing for visual/hearing impairments etc	
Appropriate use of IWB	Appropriate use of IWB	
Dual coding	Dual coding	
Spare equipment	Spare equipment	
Modelling experimental detail	Modelling experimental detail	
Pre drawn tables/graphs/diagrams to be labelled	Pre drawn tables/graphs/diagrams to be labelled	















